

Oliy o‘quv yurtlariga tayyorlanuvchilar uchun



abituriyent tayyorlov markazi

S A V O L L A R K I T O B I

ABITURIYENT: _____
Imzo

Abituriyent diqqatiga !

Test topshiriqlarini yechishdan avval savollar kitobini varaqlab unda har bir fan bo'yicha 30 ta savol mavjudligini tekshiring. Agar savollar soni kamligi aniqlansa, darhol auditoriya rahbariga ma'lum qiling.

Variant A

Fanlar : Blok. Ona-tili va adabiyot

Blok. Ingliz tili

Blok. Tarix

OMAD YOR BO'LSIN !!!

Navbatdagi test sinovi 30.06.2019 da bo'lib o'tadi

@Exclusivetest

Qarshi – 2019

1. O'zini sovuqda qaltirayotgandek his qilgan kampir qizi bergan choydan qaynoq-qaynoq ichgach, tanasiga yoqimli issiqlik yugurdi.

Berilgan parchadagi fonetik hodisa asosida yozilgan so'zlar haqida berilgan to'g'ri fikrni belgilang.

A) Fonetik hodisalar faqat yasama so'zlar tarkibida kuzatilgan.

B) Fonetik hodisalar shakl yasovchi va so'z yasovchi qo'shimchalar ta'sirida ro'y bergan.

C) Tovush almashishi lug'aviy shakl yasovchi qo'shimchalar ta'sirida ro'y bergan.

D) Fonetik hodisalarning ikki turi kuzatilgan.

2. Qaysi gap tarkibida imloviy jihatdan xato yozilgan so'z uchraydi?

A) Chakka suyaklari turtib chiqqan, peshana – bo'yiga tor, eniga keng va uzun uch chuqur ajinga ega.

B) So'ngra qo'lga olib zalvarli gurzi, Bir-birin savadi, bir-birin ezdi.

C) Chunki jonli bulbul har gal o'zicha yurakdan kuylar, sun'iy bulbul esa xuddi qo'g'irchoq sharmankaday faqat bir yo'sinda qo'shiq aytar edi.

D) Fikr ifodalash uchun kerak bo'lgan so'zlarning ba'zilari matn yoki nutq vaziyati taqqozosi bilan ishlatilmagan gaplar to'liqsizgap deyiladi.

3. Qaysi gapda ajratib ko'rsatilgan so'z metafora usulida ko'chma ma'no hosil qilgan?

A) 9-sinf o'quvchisi B. Jo'rayeva «Qadr» She'rini yod aytganda, butun zal oyoqqa qalqidi.

B) Bu olamda Oy tanho, muborak Quyosh tanho, Bo'y qizlarning ichinda bir shu egma qosh tanho.

C) Ota desam, O'g'lim deb, Bosh egib turgan chinorim, Qo'ynimdagi iftixorim, Bo'ynimdagi tumorim.

D) – Unday demang, eshitgan quloqqa yomon.

4. Qaysi javobda paronimi mavjud bo'lgan ot berilgan?

A) asil B) halol C) xiyla D) ta'rif

5. Qaysi javobdagi so'zlar shakldoshiga ega?

A) yod, tarif B) mijoz, erk

C) hadis, laqqa D) mahal, she'r

6. Bularni besh pardalitarixiy fojiaga sig'dirib bo'lmasligini bilgan M. Shayxzoda ushbu asarga asosan ikki yo'nalishdagi voqealarni, ya'ni saroy ixtiloqlari va buyuk olim olib borgan ilmiyizlanishlarni yoritishga jazm qilgan.

Ushbu gapda qatnashgan yasama so'zlar haqida berilgan noto'g'ri fikrni toping.

A) tobe va hokim qismi yasama so'z bilan ifodalangan gap bo'laklari ikki o'rinda ishtirok etgan.

B) bosh bo'lak vazifasini bajaruvchi yasama so'z morfologik usul bilan yasalgan

C) barcha yasama so'zlar bosh bo'lakka bilvosita bog'langan.

D) barcha sodda yasama so'zlarning yasash asosi o'zaro bir xil so'z turkumiga mansub

7. Yasalish asosi fe'lga mansub bo'lgan otlar berilgan javobni belgilang.

A) namgarchilik, bo'yoqchilik, ko'pchilik B) tiniq, yo'liq, ekin

C) unum, uyum, qo'nim D) ishonch, ovunch, tiqilinch

8. Qaysi gap tarkibida ot yasovchi qo'shimcha bilan omonim bo'la oladigan ismlarning munosabat shakli qatnashmagan?

A) Bu davrda 14 jildlik qomusiy lug'at, 2 jildlik izohli lug'at va to'plamlar nashr qilindi.

B) Ozgina totib ko'r-chi, bolam, zora ishtahang ochilsa.

C) Men kitobimning shunchaki ermak uchungina o'qilishini aslo istamayman.

D) Tepamdan go'yo yashin urgandek, sapchib o'rnimdan turdim.

9. Quyidagi qaysi gap(lar)da son otlashmagan?

1) Har ikkalasi g'amim bila sabrimdek, Borg'on son bu ortadur, ul kam bo'ladur. 2) Chang havoga ko'tarilib, ikkovimizni ham bir necha bor qattiq aksa urdirdi. 3) U har ikkala qurolni g'ilofdan chiqarib, o'z mamlakatida bularning birida soqol qirishlarini, boshqasida esa go'sht kesishlarini aytdi. 4) Pishillab nafas olayotganimizni har ikkalamiz ham eshitib turardik.

A) 1, 2, 4 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 3, 4 D) 3

10. Qaysi javobdagi fe'llar faqat gapning ikki xil bo'lagi vazifasini bajargan?

A) Hikoya davomida Fanorchi ota kayfiyati va ruhiyatida yuz bergan bir o'zgarishni sezgandirsiz.

B) Bu hislar hozirgina beboshlik qilib, keksa kishining urinishlaridan kekkayib turgan, hatto uning ustidan «piq-piq» kulayotgan bolalar ko'ngliga ham ko'chadi, ularni insof, shafqat ko'chasiga yetaklaydi.

C) Bizning uydan tor ko'cha bo'ylab yuz qadamcha yurilsa, tosh terilgan katta ko'chaga – «Oqmachit» mahallasiga chiqiladi.

D) Bobom qalashib yotgan handalaklardan bitta kichkmasini oladi-da, hidlab qo'limga tutqazadi, keyin bahosini so'raydi.

11. Qaysi javobda hol vazifasida kelgan fe'llarning yetakchi morfemasi shakldoshlik xususiyatiga ega?

A) Bu ingichka xirilloq ovozning egasi, har bir so'zidan zahar tomchilab turgan bu odam... amir Sulton Jondor edi!..

B) Yoyni o'qi yashinday oqib ketdi, tosh tablani teshib o'tdi, ot o'zini o'ng'arguncha G'irotni jilovini ushlab, egarlab olib keldi.

C) Beruniy, guzarga chiqqach, tanish meshkobchidambir kosa sovuq suv so'rab oldi-da, uni ichib, sada tagida uzoq o'yg'a tolib o'tirdi.

D) Amiral mo'minning bu odati esiga tushgan Unsuriy ko'rpa tagidan chiqib turgan qoqsuyak oyoqlarga asta qo'l cho'zdi.

12. Dadasi har kuni ishga ketishda ham, ishdan qaytishda ham qo'liga olar, suyar va gaplariga, qiliqlariga zavq bilan kular edi.

Ushbu gapdagi boshqaruv munosabatli so'z birikmalari sonini aniqlang.

A) 5 B) 3 C) 6 D) 4

13. Qaysi javobda moslashuv munosabatli so'z birikmasi ishtirok etmagan?

A) Ona til, ona tilim, Asl, durdona tilim.

Sen millatning mulkisan, Chiroyisan, ko'rkisan.

B) Biz sizlarni gazeta sharhi bilan tanishtirdik.

C) Inson farzandi uchun pokizalikdan ulug' baxt bormi?

Kamol topishi Sizga, menga – hammamizga bog'liq emasm.

D) Birov bor – baxtini pulda ko'radi,

Birov bor – baxtini ko'radi qizda.

14. Navoiyning ummon qadar bepoyon ijodidan hamma o'z iste'dodiga yarasha bahramand bo'lishi mumkin.

Ushbu gapda ishtirok etgan gap bo'laklari haqidagi qaysi fikr to'g'ri emas?

A) olmosh bilan ifodalangan gap bo'lagi bir o'rinda aniqlovchini o'ziga tobelantirib kelgan

B) ikki o'rinda sifatlovchi aniqlovchini tobelantirgan vositali to'ldiruvchi kesimga bevosita bog'langan

C) ko'makchilar bir xil gap bo'lagini shakllantirgan

D) kesimi qo'shma ot kesim sanaladi

15. Qaysi gapda barcha to'ldiruvchilar nomustaqil to'ldiruvchilar sanaladi?

A) Aytdim-ku, hech kimdan ko'rmaganingni mana shu Fotmadan ko'rsan.

B) Moziy va istiqbolga munosib bo'lish uchun, keling, Siz ham mana shu tabarruk ayyomlarning totini teran his qilib shukronalik bilan hayotkechiraylik.

C) Opaning ko'zlariga yana bir bora boq, horg'inligiga e'tibor ber.

D) Agar sen go'daklik zamoningda onang sen bilan qanday hayot kechirganini, o'zingning esa osmon bilan yerning farqini bilmaydigan bir chaqaloq bo'lganingni bilishni istasang, atrofigdagi onalarga qara.

16. Qaysi gapda uyushiq ega qatnashmagan?

A) Bulutlar haydar shamol, Goh yog'ib o'tar yomg'ir. Barglar pokiza, zilol, Goh quyosh to'kadi nur.

B) Mevani gullata bilishgina emas, balki undan mo'l va shirin hosil yetkaza bilish san'atidir.

C) Jomiy va Navoiy o'rtasidagi yakdillik va do'stlik o'zbek hamda tojik xalqlarining birodarligi va do'stligining yorqin timsolidir.

D) Qirlardagi lolalar va tog' etaklaridagi binafshalar kishiga huzur bag'ishlaydi.

17. Ota-onasiga kimki bo'lsa oq,

Bu ham og'ir gunoh sanalgay mutloq.

Agarda yolg'ondan bersa guvohlik,

Uning ham gunohin kechirmas Holiq.

Shu to'rtta gunohdan bo'lsa kim forig',

Bilingki, ularning manglayi yorug'.

Ushbu gapdagi fe'l kesimlar haqida bildirilgan to'g'ri fikrni toping.

A) Ushbugapda qatnashgan fe'l kesimlarning barchasi yasama so'z bilan ifodalangan.

B) Ushbu gapda qatnashgan fe'l kesimlar sodda va qo'shma fe'l kesimlar sanaladi.

C) Ushbu gapda qatnashgan fe'l kesimlar buyruq-istak va xabar maylidagi fe'llar bilan ifodalangan.

D) Uch o'rinda fe'l kesim ishtirok etgan.

18. Ertayev: «Mayli, mayli, buni keyin gaplashamiz, do'stim», – dedi kulib.

Ushbu ko'chirma gapli qo'shma gap o'zlashtirma gapga aylantirilganda sodir bo'ladigan grammatik o'zgarishlar to'liq ajratib ko'rsatilgan javobni belgilang.

1) ko'chirma gap tarkibidagi undalma tushirib qoldiriladi; 2) muallif gapning egasi qaratqichaniqllovchiga aylantiriladi;

3) ko'chirma gapining egasi o'zlashtirma gap egasi bo'lib gap boshidakeladi; 4) ko'chirma gap tarkibidagi kiritmalar tushib qoladi. 5) ko'chirma gapining kesimi o'zlashtirmagap kesimi bo'lib keladi

A) 1, 2, 4, 5 B) 1, 2, 5 C) 1, 2, 4 D) faqat 3

19. Kesimlari ismlarga mansub so'z bilan ifodalangan havola bo'lakli qo'shma gapni

toping.

A) Buning natijasi shu bo'ldiki, To'laganning qanshariga musht tushdi.

B) U shunday og'ir xayollar bilan charchoq qadam tashlab vokzaldan eski shaharga jo'narkan, kimdir uning yelkasiga qo'lini qo'ydi.

C) Shuni angladimki, inson qobiliyati cbeksiz ekan.

D) Keragi shuki, ana shu miqqiyni ham boqish kerak.

20. Agar fanida mohir bo'lsa, ammo badxo'y va qattiqso'z bo'lsa, kasalga bir tomondan iloj yetkazur, ammo necha tomondan yana kasallik yetkazur.

Yuqoridagi gapda ishtirok etgan yordamchi so'z turkumlariga oid to'g'ri hukm(lar)ni belgilang.

1) qo'llanishiga ko'ra yordamchi so'z turkumlarining faqat bir turi qatnashgan; 2) mazmuniy munosabatiga ko'ra bog'lovchining uch turi qatnashgan; 3) barcha yordamchi so'z turkumlari teng bog'lovchi sanaladi; 4) uch o'rinda sof teng bog'lovchi qatnashgan.

A) 1, 2, 3, 4 B) 1, 2, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 3, 4

21. *Bir aqib moviy diyor bo'ynini quchsa ruhlarim,
Ko'k mening ko'ksim bo'lur, yulduzlari – anduhlarim,
Gul o'pib, gul yopinib har dilda mo'zoring qolur,
Men ketarman bir kuni, navolarim, zorim qolur...*

Ushbu she'riy parchaning nechanchi misralarida fikr ifodalovchi birlik sifatida matnning eng kichik ko'rinishlari ikki o'rinda qo'llangan?

A) 1, 3 B) 2, 4 C) faqat 2 D) 1, 3, 4

22. “Kuntug'mish” dostonida Gurkiboy bilan Mohiboy necha yoshga kirganda Kuntug'mish karvonga duch keladi?

A) 2 yosh B) 3 yosh C) 3 oylik D) 5 oylik

23. *Chiq jamolingni ochib, to elga husnin sotg'ali,
Qilmasun olam aro ko'p arzi diydor o'tob.* (Munis)

Ushbu baytda quyidagi she'riy san'atlardan nechitasi qo'llangan?

1. ta'did 2. tarse' 3. tashxis 4. tanosib. 5. Ruju

A) 2 B) 3 C) 4 D) 1

24. A.Navoiy «Hayrat ul-Abror» da ustozlari tomonidan yaratilgan xamsalarni “sarv”, “gul”, “lola” deb ta'riflar ekan, o'z xamsasini nimaga o'xshatadi?

A) shamshod B) tuproq C) o'tin D) yomg'ir

25. *Shunday bolalarcha tuyg'ular og'ushida lirik qahramon
birdan kattalarga xos mulohazalarga o'tadi. Shu tariqa
zimdan haqiqiy hayot bilan bolalik tasavvurlari muqoyasa
qilinadi. Hayotda chin do'st topish mushkulligi, bu uning
ko'nglida dog'lar qoldirgani, agar singlisining nozik qalbi
ham toliqqan bo'lsa, davosi–tinmoq, unutmok ekani
aytiladi.*

Ushbu jummalarda qaysi ijodkor she'ri haqida gap ketmoqda?

A) S.Yesenin “Singlimga xat” B) Mirtemir “Qishlog'im”
C) S.Yesenin “Dog'lar ketmish majruh ko'ngildan”
D) Usmon Nosir “Bolalik”

26. “Bulbul” ertagida vazir nimaning ovozi “Xuddi ibodatxonadagi qo'ng'iroqlarning tovushiga o'xshaydi” deb ta'kidlaydi?

A) qurbaqaning B) sigirning
C) bulbulning D) sun'iy bulbulning

27. «Odamlarga nima bo'lgan o'zi? Ularga o'limdan boshqa hamma narsa muhim!»

Ushbu jumla qaysi asar qahramoniga tegishli?

A) “Asrga tatigulik kun” Edigey B) “Oq kema” Baymoq kampir
C) “Yulduzlar mangu yonadi” Bo'ri polvon D) “Chinor” Ochil buva

28. Bir adabiy turda yozilgan asarlarni aniqlang.

A) “Bir koshona sirlari”, “Bir qadam yo'l”, “Dugohi Husayniy”
B) “Oriyat”, “Shoirning to'yi”, “Ayolg'u”
C) “Adashgan yo'l”, “Iqror”, “Navro'z, navro'z”
D) “Izohsiz lug'at”, “Quyun”, “Qultoy”

29. X.To'xtaboyevning “Sariq devni minib” asarida Soraxon folbinning gaplariga ishonmanglar deb Hoshimjonga kim aytgan edi?

A) o'qituvchisi B) buvisi C) onasi D) do'stlari

30. *G'am yuki to qomatim yo qilmadi,
Ohim o'tig'a falak yoqilmadi,
Qilmadi rahmi mango, xud o'zgaga
Bilmadimkim, qildimu yo qilmadi.*

Ushbu tuyuq muallifi quyidagi qaysi asar tarjimoni sanaladi?

A) X.Ahror “Volidiya” B) Sh.A.Yazdiy “Zafarnoma”
C) A.Navoiy “Mantiq ut-tayr” D) A.Jomiy “Yusuf va Zulayho”

Tarix

31. AQSH va O'zbekiston o'rtasida iqtisodiy va madaniy aloqalarga ko'mak berish maqsadida Amerika- O'zbekiston savdo palatasi qachon tuzilgan?

A) 1997-yil B) 1999-yil C) 1995-yil D) 2000-yil

32. O'zbekistonda “Do'stlik” ordeni ta'sis etilgan yilda bo'lgan voqeani aniqlang?

A) O'zbekiston NATOning “Tinchlik yo'lida hamkorlik” dasturiga qo'shildi

B) Ilk plastik kartochkalar muomalaga chiqqan

C) Gidrometereologiya muzeyi ta'sis etilgan

D) Boborahim Mashrab muzeyi tashkil etildi

33. XX asrning 70-80 yillarida “Tashselmash” zavodi paxta terish mashinalari ishlab chiqarib uning mashinalari Markaziy hokimyat tomonidan qancha xorijiy mamlakatlarga eksport qilingan? A) 30 ta

B) 38 ta C) 55 ta D) 32 ta

34. O'zbekistonda 1985-yilda oziq-ovqat sanoati kompleksida nechta korxona faoliyat ko'rsatdi?

A) 271 ta B) 280 ta C) 300 ta D) 257 ta

35. “Rus istibdodiga qarshi mustaqillik harakatida tarixiy rol ni ziyolilar o'ynagan” degan haqqoniy fikrlarni ilgari surgan shaxsni aniqlang?

- A) S. Qosimov B) R. Inog'omov C) M. Sharipov D) Abdulla Avloniy
36. Stalingrad janggida jangga kirgan 90 va 94-o'qchi dviziyalar qayerda tuzilgan?
- A) Farg'ona va Sirdaryo B) Toshkent va Samarqand
C) Samarqand va Farg'ona
D) Namangan va Buxoro
37. XIX asrda dunyoni qaytadan bo'lib olish uchun boshlangan birinchi urush qaysi davlatlar o'rtasida bo'lib o'tgan?
- A) Buyuk Britaniya va Fransiya B) Germaniya va Rossiya C) Rossiya va Yaponiya
D) AQSh va Ispaniya
38. 1911-yilda quyidagi qaysi davlatda agrar dastur qabul qilingan?
- A) Rossiya B) Buyuk Britaniya C) Eron D) Meksika
39. Zarafshon okrugi tuzilgan paytda quyidagi qaysi davlatda inqilob yuz bergan?
- A) Fransiya B) Germaniya C) Ispaniya D) Rossiya
40. Maxfiy politsiya SAVAK deb ataladigan davlat tarixida XVIII asr boshlarida.....?
- A) Amur daryosining chap sohili qo'lga kiritildi
B) Fransiya tovarlari uchun 3 foizlik boj solig'i joriy etildi
C) Dehqonlarning yerni tashlab ketishlarini taqiqlovchi qonun qabul qilindi
D) "Yuz moddali farmon" nomini olgan qonunlar to'plami qabul qilindi
41. Rus-tuzem maktablari asoschisi bo'lgan Turkiston general-gubernatorini aniqlang?
- A) Skobelov B) Rozenbax C) Duxovskoy E) Kaufman
42. 1947-yil 14-martda qabul qilingan "Trumen doktrinasi"ning maqsadi nimaga qaratilgan edi?
- A) Gretsiya va Turkiyaga harbiy yordam berish
B) Yevropaning 16 ta davlatiga iqtisodiy yordam
C) Lotin Amerikasida sotsialistik g'oyalar tarqalishini oldini olish
D) raketaga qarshi mudofaa tizimini kosmosga olib chiqish
43. Quyidagi asarlarni ular aks ettirgan davr tarixi bilanto'g'ri muvofiqlashtiring?
- 1) "Tavorixi manzuma" 2) "Tarixi jahonnomayi" 3) "Shohidi iqbol"
- a) 1812-1872- yillar tarixi b) 1822-1848-yillar tarixi
c) Umarxon davridan 1872-yilgacha bo'lgan tarixiy voqealar
- A) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b B) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c D) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a
44. Turdi Farog'iy qaysi hukmdor tomonidan xalq og'ir soliqlarga tortilganligi, oqibatda xalq tortayotgan azob-uqubatlarni ro'yirost tanqid qila olgan edi?
- A) Nodir Muhammad B) Abdulazizxon C) Subhonqulixon D) Ubaydullaxon II
45. Turkiston general gubernator-gubernatorligi hududida hamda Buxoro amirligi dastlabki rus manzilgohlari qaysi yillarda tashkil etilgan?
- A) 1875 va 1887-yillarda B) 1873 va 1885-yillarda
C) 1875 va 1888-yillarda
D) 1877 va 1889-yillarda
46. 1909-1911-yillarda...?
- A) Xitoyda "ikkinchi inqilob" yuz berdi
B) Eron inqilobining ikkinchi bosqichi bo'lib o'tdi
C) Turkiyada inqilobiy vaziyat yuzaga keldi
D) Albaniyada qo'zg'olon ko'tarildi
47. XIX asrning o'rtalarida Marksizmning paydo bo'lishi Yevropaning bir qator mamlakatlarida ishchilar harakatining o'sishi qaysi davlatdagi inqilobiy voqealar bilan bog'liq edi?
- A) Buyuk Britaniya B) AQSH C) Fransiya D) Germaniya
48. Yaponiyada "Kurashayotgan viloyatlar" davrida Buxoro xonligida qaysi sulola hukmronlik qilayotga edi?
- A) Ashtarxoniylar B) Shayboniylar C) Mang'itlar D) Minglar
49. Qadimgi Yunonistonda og'ir qurollangan jangchilar qanday nomlangan?
- A) falanga B) sarkofag C) diadohlar D) goplit
50. Mil avv VII-VI asrlarda O'zbekiston hududida qadimgi yirik davlatlar mavjud bo'lganda Qadimgi Hindistonda ...?
- A) Magadha, Koshola, Malla vujudga keldi
B) Makedoniyalik Aleksandr Panjob o'lkasi hududiga bostirib kiradi
C) Maurya davlatiga asos solinadi
D) Moxenjadaro va Xarappa shaharlari zavolga yuz tutdi

51. Qadimgi Xorazmning qaysi mahalliy buyumlarining dovrug'i o'zga yurtlarga ham tarqalgan edi? A) zebziynat, qurilish ashyolari va gazlamalari B) quroyarog' va charm buyumlar C) ip-gazlama mahsulotlari D) kulolchilik, qurolsozlik, zargarlik mahsulotlari

52. 1381-yilda imzolangan "Mayl End" dasturiga muvofiq bo'lmagan javoni aniqlang? A) dehqonlarning qaramligini bekor qilish B) erkin savdoga ruhsat berish C) yer solig'ini kamaytirishga rozilik beish D) cherkovning erkin saylovlariga rioya etish

53. Xitoyda qaysi sulola davriga oid 500 jildlik solnomalar bizga qadar yetib kelgan? A) Suy sulolasi B) Sun sulolasi C) Tan sulolasi D) Yuan sulolasi

54. Eronda tuzilgan Xuloku davlati va Oltin O'rda o'rtasida qaysi hududga egalik qilish masalasida raqobat mavjud bo'lgan? A) O'rta Osiyo B) Rus yerlari C) Sharqiy Yevropa D) Kavkazorti

55. Quyidagi qaysi davlatda sug'oriladigan yerlar "axya" deb yuritilgan? A) Buxoro xonligi B) Buxoro amirligi C) Qo'qon xonligi D) Xiva xonligi

56. Quyidagi qaysi ekspeditsiya Yamishchev ko'lida istehkom quradi? A) Bekovich-Cherkasskiy B) Perovski C) Krillov D) Buxgols

57. XIX asrda quyidagi qaysi hudud qul savdosiga qarshi kurash bahonasi bilan nemislar, fransuz va inglizlar tomonidan bo'lib olingan? A) Buganda B) Uganda C) Kongo D) Zanzibar arab sultonligi

58. Rus qo'shinlari tomonidan qaysi qal'aning egallanishi ularga Toshkent shahri aholisni suv ta'minotidan uzib qo'yish imkonini berdi? A) Turkiston B) Chimkent C) Chirchiq D) Niyozbek

59. Keyingi 30 yil ichida bir bandargohdan jahondagi eng boy davlatlardan biriga aylangan Osiyo davlatini aniqlang? A) Singapur B) Malayziya C) Janubiy Koreya D) Tailand

60. XIX asrda mavjud bo'lgan Sankt-Peterburg-Vladivostok temiryo'lining uzunligi qanchani tashkil

etgan? A) 10 ming km B) 12 ming km C) 5 ming km D) 9 ming km

Ingliz tili

61. Choose the appropriate answer.

Due to ... rainy weather we've had recently, I didn't have to water ... garden of our house everyday.

A) the / the B) a / - C) the / a D) - / -

62. Choose the appropriate answer.

Every bed has a 15-inch LCD screen attached to a pull-out arm on the wall that lets patients ... TV or make phone calls.

A) watching B) watched C) watch D) to watch

63. Choose the appropriate answer.

There is no writer, in my opinion, ... is so much a painter and a black-and-white artist as Dickens.

A) where B) that C) which D) whose

64. Choose the appropriate answer.

I was thinking of buying a pregnancy dress ... , but ... was given one as a present by my husband.

A) myself / I B) it / she C) me / mine D) mine / I

65. Choose the appropriate answer.

... researchers have demonstrated that global warming tends to result from greenhouse gases.

A) Much more B) A number of C) Half of D) Most of

66. Choose the appropriate answer.

High blood is one of the three major risk factors for heart disease. Cigarette smoking and high blood pressure are ... two.

A) another B) one another C) others D) the other

67. Choose the appropriate answer.

Fortunately, he.....by a construction worker as he....., and so they rescued him immediately.

A) has been noticed / fell B) was noticing / has fallen
C) was noticed / was falling D) would be noticed / had fallen

68. Choose the appropriate answer.

There may be catastrophic climate change.....people don't recognize and combat the dangers of global warming.

A) just as B) therefore C) if only D) provided that

69. Choose the appropriate answer.

If Paul.....attention, he.....that Agatha has been crying a lot recently.

A) were paying / might realize B) has paid / realized
C) pays / would realize D) will have been paying / has realized

70. Choose the appropriate answer.

A new shopping mall is.....where our little league baseball team used.....

A) building / to playing B) to be built / to play
C) to have built / play D) to build /play

71. Choose the appropriate answer.

Tony has recovered from the flu, but he is still.....to play football.

A) as weak B) so weak C) too weak D) weak enough

72. Choose the appropriate answer.

I wish I knew what was going to happen next,?

A) wasn't it B) do I C) was it D) didn't I

73. Choose the appropriate answer.

The main staple food.....in Ethiopia is a flat, sour, spongy bread which injera.

A) to eat / calls B) having eaten / has been called
C) to have eaten / has called D) eaten / is called

74. Choose the appropriate answer.

Jenna said, "I will update my credit card details within 2 days."

A) Jenna said me that she will update her credit card details within 2 days.
B) Jenna said that she is updating her credit card details within 2 days.
C) Jenna said that she will need to update her credit card within 2 days.
D) Jenna said that she would update her credit card details within 2 days.

75. Choose the appropriate answer.

It was ... a hot summer morning!

A) at B) on C) in D) –

76. Choose the appropriate answer.

The more a flamingo eats fish, ... it gets.

A) more pink B) pinker C) the pinkest D) the pinker

77. Choose the appropriate answer.

- Let's go to the cinema.

- I'd love to. What is ... the cinema?

A) at B) on C) on at D) for at

78. Choose the appropriate answer.

In the ocean, ... various fishes live, some of which we don't know, but we know a few of them.

A) a thousand B) thousands C) thousands of
D) a thousand of

79. Choose the appropriate answer.

1.01 - ...

A) one point zero one B) a point first
C) one point nought one D) one comma hundred one

Pride and Prejudice

Pride and Prejudice, by far the most popular of all Jane Austen's novels, requires no detailed description. Jane Austen said of it that it "is rather too light, and bright, and sparkling; it wants shade," and this is perhaps the reason for its popularity. The precision and vivacity of style carry the reader through the novel with ease and spirit; there is a sparkling life about the characters and rain-washed freshness about the scenery which combine to make this gayest of Jane Austen's novels, in spite of deeper overtones which emerge when Charlotte Lucas agrees to marry Mr. Collins or when Lydia is discovered to have run off with Wickham with no prospect of marriage. The speed and skill with which the author moves into the story is remarkable.

80. According to the passage, Pride and Prejudice ----.

A) doesn't need elaborate explanation
B) is the most famous novel in English literature
C) doesn't require shade to be understood by the readers
D) is popular due to its vivacity of style

81. It's implied in the passage that ----.

A) there is no promising life about the characters in the novel
B) Lydia and Wickham become happy after they have married
C) Charlotte Lucas had an unhappy life with Mr. Collins
D) the landscape of the novel adds lively atmosphere into it

82. Author Jane Austen confessed ----.

A) that she didn't write the novel on her own
B) the reasons why Pride and Prejudice is so popular

C) the ugliness of her novel

D) her own skill and ability to affect public

83. Choose the antonym of 'remarkable'

A) unpleasant B) awesome C) exotic D) unusual

Insects

Insects are found throughout the world except on the poles. Fossil records indicate that many species exist today in much the same form as they did 200 million years ago. Their enormous biological success is attributed to their small size, the remarkable adaptive abilities of the group as a whole and the enormous variety in body structure and way of life. The mouth parts may be adapted to chewing, sucking or lapping and the legs for running, jumping or swimming. Insects may feed on plants or prey upon other small animals or parasitize larger ones. They may be omnivorous or highly specialized in their diets. They display a remarkable variety of adaptive shapes and colors that may serve as camouflage. Some have stinging spines or hair and blistering or noxious secretions used for defense.

84. According to the passage, insects ----.

A) have remained the same in the early years of their existence

B) differ in certain qualities, which enables them to adjust to the environment they live in

C) cannot swim well enough to live in water so they prefer to live on land

D) rarely need camouflage as they are too small to be noticed

E) used to live on the poles in the distant past

85. We can understand from the passage that insects have achieved to maintain their existence for a very long time ----.

A) but they are not likely to live much longer

B) as a result of the way they are able to defend themselves

C) due to being able to parasitize all other living organisms

D) though they haven't been able to become adaptive to any kind of environment

86. The passage is mainly concerned with ----.

A) how insects live and survive in groups

B) the highly specialized diet of insects

C) why insects are not able to live in some parts of the world

D) why people do not like insects

87. Which word means 'fibre' in the passage?

A) spine B) hair C) leg D) T.J.Y

Magellan Ferdinand

Magellan is a Portuguese navigator who shared the idea of Christopher Columbus and others that the Far East could be reached by sailing westward. He embarked from Spain in August 1519 with a fleet of five ships, sailed southward down the coast of South America and reached the Pacific Ocean through the Strait named after him. He then gave the Pacific its name, because his first impression of it was one of peace and calm. Magellan was killed by warring tribesmen in the Philippines, but one of his ships finally arrived back in Spain in September 1522 via the Indian and Atlantic Oceans, the first to have circumnavigated the world.

88. According to the passage ----.

A) the name Pacific comes from the harshness and hostility of the Pacific Ocean

B) Christopher Columbus is also a Portuguese seafarer

C) Magellan had difficulties while fighting with the tribesmen

D) four of the five ships were destroyed and only one of them was able to arrive back after 3 years

89. Magellan's crew ----.

A) was not as experienced as Christopher Columbus

B) returned alive from his sailing

C) was not alone in his thought about sailing

D) named the Indian and Atlantic Oceans as well as the Pacific

90. According to the passage, ----.

A) Magellan departed from Spain; however, he was not able to return

B) Magellan named the Philippines and the strait

C) Columbus and Magellan discovered the South America and named it

D) the strait Magellan passed through gave him the impression that it was so calm and peaceful